

# Elliptic Curves

(PARI-GP version 2.15.3)

An elliptic curve is initially given by 5-tuple  $v = [a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$  attached to Weierstrass model or simply  $[a_4, a_6]$ . It must be converted to an *ell* struct.

Initialize *ell* struct over domain  $D$       **E** = **ellinit**( $v, \{D = 1\}$ )  
over **Q**       $D = 1$   
over **F<sub>p</sub>**       $D = p$   
over **F<sub>q</sub>**,  $q = p^f$        $D = \text{ffgen}([p, f])$   
over **Q<sub>p</sub>**, precision  $n$        $D = O(p^n)$   
over **C**, current bitprecision       $D = 1.0$   
over number field  $K$        $D = nf$

Points are **[x,y]**, the origin is **[0]**. Struct members accessed as **E.member**:

- All domains: **E.a1,a2,a3,a4,a6, b2,b4,b6,b8, c4,c6, disc, j**
- $E$  defined over **R** or **C**  
 $x$ -coords. of points of order 2      **E.roots**  
periods / quasi-periods      **E.omega, E.eta**  
volume of complex lattice      **E.area**
- $E$  defined over **Q<sub>p</sub>**  
residual characteristic      **E.p**  
If  $|j|_p > 1$ : Tate's  $[u^2, u, q, [a, b], \mathcal{L}]$       **E.tate**
- $E$  defined over **F<sub>q</sub>**  
characteristic      **E.p**  
 $\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)/\text{cyclic structure/generators}$       **E.no, E.cyc, E.gen**
- $E$  defined over **Q**  
generators of  $E(\mathbf{Q})$  (require **elldata**)      **E.gen**  
 $[a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$  from  $j$ -invariant      **ellfromj(j)**  
cubic/quartic/biquadratic to Weierstrass      **ellfromeqn(eq)**  
add points  $P + Q$  /  $P - Q$       **elladd(E, P, Q), ellsub**  
negate point      **ellneg(E, P)**  
compute  $n \cdot P$       **ellmul(E, P, n)**  
sum of Galois conjugates of  $P$       **elltrace(E, P)**  
check if  $P$  is on  $E$       **ellisoncurve(E, P)**  
order of torsion point  $P$       **ellorder(E, P)**  
 $y$ -coordinates of point(s) for  $x$       **ellordinate(E, x)**  
 $[\wp(z), \wp'(z)] \in E(\mathbf{C})$  attached to  $z \in \mathbf{C}$       **ellztopoint(E, z)**  
 $z \in \mathbf{C}$  such that  $P = [\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$       **ellpointtoz(E, P)**  
 $z \in \bar{\mathbf{Q}}^*/q^{\mathbf{Z}}$  to  $P \in E(\bar{\mathbf{Q}}_p)$       **ellztopoint(E, z)**  
 $P \in E(\bar{\mathbf{Q}}_p)$  to  $z \in \bar{\mathbf{Q}}^*/q^{\mathbf{Z}}$       **ellpointtoz(E, P)**
- **Change of Weierstrass models, using**  $v = [u, r, s, t]$   
change curve  $E$  using  $v$       **ellchangecurve(E, v)**  
change point  $P$  using  $v$       **ellchangept(E, P, v)**  
change point  $P$  using inverse of  $v$       **ellchangeptinv(E, P, v)**
- **Twists and isogenies**  
quadratic twist      **elltwt(E, d)**  
 $n$ -division polynomial  $f_n(x)$       **elldivpol(E, n, {x})**  
 $[n]P = (\phi_n \psi_n : \omega_n : \psi_n^3)$ ; return  $(\phi_n, \psi_n^2)$       **ellxn(E, n, {x})**  
isogeny from  $E$  to  $E/G$       **ellisogeny(E, G)**  
apply isogeny to  $g$  (point or isogeny)      **ellisogenyapply(f, g)**  
torsion subgroup with generators      **elltors(E)**
- **Formal group**  
formal exponential,  $n$  terms      **ellformalexp(E, {n}, {x})**  
formal logarithm,  $n$  terms      **ellformalog(E, {n}, {x})**  
 $\log_E(-x(P)/y(P)) \in \mathbf{Q}_p$ ;  $P \in E(\mathbf{Q}_p)$       **ellpadiclog(E, p, n, P)**  
 $P$  in the formal group      **ellformalpoint(E, {n}, {x})**  
 $[\omega/dt, x\omega/dt]$       **ellformaldifferential(E, {n}, {x})**  
 $w = -1/y$  in parameter  $-x/y$       **ellformalw(E, {n}, {x})**

## Curves over finite fields, Pairings

random point on  $E$       **random(E)**  
 $\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)$       **ellcard(E)**  
 $\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)$  with almost prime order      **ellsea(E, {tors})**  
structure  $\mathbf{Z}/d_1\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/d_2\mathbf{Z}$  of  $E(\mathbf{F}_q)$       **ellgroup(E)**  
is  $E$  supersingular?      **ellissupersingular(E)**  
Weil pairing of  $m$ -torsion pts  $P, Q$       **ellweilpairing(E, P, Q, m)**  
Tate pairing of  $P, Q$ ;  $P$   $m$ -torsion      **elltatepairing(E, P, Q, m)**  
Discrete log, find  $n$  s.t.  $P = [n]Q$       **elllog(E, P, Q, {ord})**

## Curves over Q

### Reduction, minimal model

minimal model of  $E/\mathbf{Q}$       **ellminimalmodel(E, {&v})**  
quadratic twist of minimal conductor      **ellminimaltwist(E)**  
 $[k]P$  with good reduction      **ellnonsingularmultiple(E, P)**  
 $E$  supersingular at  $p$ ?      **ellissupersingular(E, p)**  
affine points of naïve height  $\leq h$       **ellratpoints(E, h)**

### Complex heights

canonical height of  $P$       **ellheight(E, P)**  
canonical bilinear form taken at  $P, Q$       **ellheight(E, P, Q)**  
height regulator matrix for pts in  $L$       **ellheightmatrix(E, L)**

### p-adic heights

cyclotomic  $p$ -adic height of  $P \in E(\mathbf{Q})$       **ellpadicheight(E, p, n, P)**  
... bilinear form at  $P, Q \in E(\mathbf{Q})$       **ellpadicheight(E, p, n, P, Q)**  
... matrix at vector for pts in  $L$       **ellpadicheightmatrix(E, p, n, L)**  
... regulator for canonical height      **ellpadicregulator(E, p, n, Q)**  
Frobenius on  $\mathbf{Q}_p \otimes H_{dR}^1(E/\mathbf{Q})$       **ellpadicfrobenius(E, p, n)**  
slope of unit eigenvector of Frobenius      **ellpadics2(E, p, n)**

### Isogenous curves

matrix of isogeny degrees for **Q**-isog. curves      **ellisomat(E)**  
tree of prime degree isogenies      **ellisotree(E)**  
a modular equation of prime degree  $N$       **ellmodulareqn(N)**

### L-function

$p$ -th coeff  $a_p$  of  $L$ -function,  $p$  prime      **ellap(E, p)**  
 $k$ -th coeff  $a_k$  of  $L$ -function      **ellak(E, k)**  
 $L(E, s)$  (using less memory than **lfun**)      **elllseries(E, s)**  
 $L^{(r)}(E, 1)$  (using less memory than **lfun**)      **elll1(E, r)**  
a Heegner point on  $E$  of rank 1      **ellheegner(E)**  
order of vanishing at 1      **ellanalyticrank(E, {eps})**  
root number for  $L(E, \cdot)$  at  $p$       **ellrootno(E, {p})**  
modular parametrization of  $E$       **elltaniyama(E)**  
degree of modular parametrization      **ellmoddegree(E)**  
compare with  $H^1(X_0(N), \mathbf{Z})$  (for  $E' \rightarrow E$ )      **ellweilcurve(E)**

$p$ -adic  $L$  function  $L_p^{(r)}(E, d, \chi^s)$       **ellpadicL(E, p, n, {s}, {r}, {d})**  
BSD conjecture for  $L_p^{(r)}(E_D, \chi^0)$       **ellpadicbsd(E, p, n, {D = 1})**  
Iwasawa invariants for  $L_p(E_D, \tau^i)$       **ellpadiclamdamu(E, p, D, i)**

### Rational points

attempt to compute  $E(\mathbf{Q})$       **ellrank(E, {effort}, {points})**  
initialize for later **ellrank** calls,      **ellrankinit(E)**  
saturate  $\langle P_1, \dots, P_n \rangle$  wrt. primes  $\leq B$       **ellsaturation(E, P, B)**  
2-covers of the curve  $E$       **ell12cover(E)**

### Elldata package, Cremona's database:

db code "11a1"  $\leftrightarrow$  [*conductor, class, index*]      **ellconvertname(s)**  
generators of Mordell-Weil group      **ellgenerators(E)**  
look up  $E$  in database      **ellidentify(E)**  
all curves matching criterion      **ellsearch(N)**  
loop over curves with cond. from  $a$  to  $b$       **forell(E, a, b, seq)**

## Curves over number field $K$

coeff  $a_p$  of  $L$ -function      **ellap(E, p)**  
Kodaira type of **p**-fiber of  $E$       **elllocalred(E, p)**  
integral model of  $E/K$       **ellintegralmodel(E, {&v})**  
minimal model of  $E/K$       **ellminimalmodel(E, {&v})**  
minimal discriminant of  $E/K$       **ellminimaldisc(E)**  
cond, min mod, Tamagawa num  $[N, v, c]$       **ellglobalred(E)**  
global Tamagawa number      **elltamagawa(E)**  
 $P \in E(K)$   $n$ -divisible?  $[n]Q = P$       **ellisdivisible(E, P, n, {&Q})**

### L-function

A domain  $D = [c, w, h]$  in initialization mean we restrict  $s \in \mathbf{C}$  to domain  $|\Re(s) - c| < w, |\Im(s)| < h$ ;  $D = [w, h]$  encodes  $[1/2, w, h]$  and  $[h]$  encodes  $D = [1/2, 0, h]$  (critical line up to height  $h$ ).  
vector of first  $n$   $a_k$ 's in  $L$ -function      **ellan(E, n)**  
init  $L^{(k)}(E, s)$  for  $k \leq n$       **L = lfunit(E, D, {n = 0})**  
compute  $L(E, s)$  ( $n$ -th derivative)      **lfun(L, s, {n = 0})**  
 $L(E, 1, r)/(r! \cdot R \cdot \#Sha)$  assuming BSD      **ellbsd(E)**

## Other curves of small genus

A hyperelliptic curve  $C$  is given by a pair  $[P, Q]$  ( $y^2 + Qy = P$  with  $Q^2 + 4P$  squarefree) or a single squarefree polynomial  $P$  ( $y^2 = P$ ).  
check if  $[x, y]$  is on  $C$       **hyperellisoncurve(C, [x, y])**  
discriminant of  $C$       **hyperelldisc(C)**  
Cremona-Stoll reduction      **hyperellred(C)**  
apply  $m = [e, [a, b; c, d], H]$  to model      **hyperellchangecurve(C, m)**  
minimal discriminant of integral  $C$       **hyperellminimaldisc(C)**  
minimal model of integral  $C$       **hyperellminimalmodel(C)**  
reduction of  $y^2 + Qy = P$  (genus 2)      **genus2red(C, {p})**  
affine rational points of height  $\leq h$       **hyperellratpoints(C, h)**  
find a rational point on a conic,  ${}^t xGx = 0$       **qfsolve(G)**  
 $[H, U]$  such that  $H = cU^tGU$  has minimat def      **qfminimize(G)**  
quadratic Hilbert symbol (at  $p$ )      **hilbert(x, y, {p})**  
all solutions in  $\mathbf{Q}^3$  of ternary form      **qfparam(G, x)**  
 $P, Q \in \mathbf{F}_q[X]$ ; char. poly. of Frobenius      **hyperellcharpoly(Q)**  
matrix of Frobenius on  $\mathbf{Q}_p \otimes H_{dR}^1$       **hyperellpadicfrobenius**

## Elliptic & Modular Functions

$w = [\omega_1, \omega_2]$  or *ell* struct (**E.omega**),  $\tau = \omega_1/\omega_2$ .  
arithmetic-geometric mean      **agm(x, y)**  
elliptic  $j$ -function  $1/q + 744 + \dots$       **ellj(x)**  
Weierstrass  $\sigma/\wp/\zeta$  function      **ellsigma(w, z), ellwp, ellzeta**  
periods/quasi-periods      **ellperiods(E, {flag}), elleta(w)**  
 $(2i\pi/\omega_2)^k E_k(\tau)$       **elleisnum(w, k, {flag})**  
modified Dedekind  $\eta$  func.  $\prod(1 - q^n)$       **eta(x, {flag})**  
Dedekind sum  $s(h, k)$       **sumdedekind(h, k)**  
Jacobi sine theta function      **theta(q, z)**  
 $k$ -th derivative at  $z=0$  of  $\theta(q, z)$       **thetanullk(q, k)**  
Weber's  $f$  functions      **weber(x, {flag})**  
modular pol. of level  $N$       **polmodular(N, {inv = j})**  
Hilbert class polynomial for  $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$       **polclass(D, {inv = j})**

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